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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/017,578	12/14/2001	Stephen M. Brinkman	B-0114.07	6140
7590 11/04/2003			EXAMINER	
LAW OFFICES OF CHRISTOPHER L. MAKAY 1634 Milam Building 115 East Travis Street San Antonio, TX 78205			HAYES, BRET C	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3644	
,			DATE MAILED: 11/04/2003	3

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Applicati n No.	icant(s)
	10/017,578	BRINKMAN, STEPHEN M.
" Office Action Summary	Examin r	Art Unit
	Bret C Hayes	3644
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wi	th the corresp ndence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pe  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by st  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	ON. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a r. n. a reply within the statutory minimum of thirt eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tatute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed  y (30) days will be considered timely.  THS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on	28 August 2003 .	
<u> </u>	This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for all		tters, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice un Disposition of Claims		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>25-32 and 39-41</u> is/are pending in	n the application.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with	drawn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>25-32 and 39-41</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction ar	nd/or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a	•	
Applicant may not request that any objection t	* ' '	• •
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on		sapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	• •	
	EXAMINET.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	roign priority under 25 II C.C. S	2 440(a) (d) au (f)
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for	eign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	§ 119(a)-(d) or (t).
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	anda harra harra arastro d	
1. Certified copies of the priority docum		and a standard No.
2. Certified copies of the priority docum		
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the paper application from the International</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a</li> </ul>	Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	•
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dom	,	
a) The translation of the foreign language	•	•
15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dom		
Attachment(s)	_	
1)	5) Notice of I	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)  nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 25 and 27 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Martin ('964).
- 3. '964 discloses the claimed invention including: (claim 25) a lure 1 comprising a body 4, and a tail 3 including an aperture 9 that receives fishing line 8 therethrough; and (claim 27) wherein the aperture 9 facilitates movement of the tail 3 along the hook or fishing line 8, thereby simulating game fish prey motion.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 28, 30, 31 and 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Martin ('964).
- 6. Re claim 28, '964 discloses the claimed invention except for the tail being removably attached to the body. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the tail be removably attached to the body, since it has been

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held that constructing a formerly integral structure in various elements involves only routine skill in the art. *Nerwin v. Erlichman*, 168 USPQ 177, 179.

- 7. Re claims 30 and 31, '964 discloses the claimed invention except for a sleeve coupled with the tail. The addition of a sleeve to the lure would be obviated by the aperture 9 of '964, since it is well known in the analogous art of guiding shafts through apertures to use sleeves, i.e., wear items such as bushings, for the purpose of limiting the wear on the aperture itself.
- 8. Re claim 39, '964 discloses the claimed invention except for the tail 3 moving, arguably completely, underneath the body 4. However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the tail move completely underneath the body, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Aller*, 105 USPQ 233.
- 9. Claims 29 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over Martin ('964) in view of Cannon ('567).
- 10. '964 discloses the invention substantially as claimed. However, '964 does not disclose the lure including a barb guard.
- 11. '567 teaches guarding a barb 61 with a lure 20 in the same field of endeavor for the purpose of preventing snagging, as set forth in col. 3, line 4.
- 12. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify '964 to include a barb guard as taught by '567 in order to prevent snagging.

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- 13. Claims 40 and 41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 as being unpatentable over either Martin ('063) or Martin ('964), as applied to the claims above.
- 14. Both '063 and '964 disclose the invention substantially as claimed. However, neither discloses the use of a sleeve passing through the tail for passing the fishing line through.
- 15. The addition of a sleeve to the lure manipulator would be obviated by either the aperture 18 of '063, or the aperture 9 of '964, since it is well known in the analogous art of guiding shafts through apertures to use sleeves, i.e., wear items such as bushings, for the purpose of limiting the wear on the aperture itself.

### Response to Arguments

- 16. Applicant's arguments filed 28 August 2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 17. Regarding the argument that Martin does not disclose the claimed limitation of a fishing line passing through an aperture and instead recites a leader passing therethrough, examiner asserts that leaders are made of fishing line and, therefore, are the claimed limitation of fishing line passing through an aperture.

#### Conclusion

18. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

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will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Bret Hayes at telephone number (703) 306 – 0553. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday from 5:30 am to 3:00 pm, Eastern Standard Time.

If attempts to contact the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Charles Jordan, can be reached at (703) 306 – 4159. The fax number is (703) 872 – 9306.

bh

11/1/03